

Dr. Saeed Akbar



Dr. Saeed Akbar is working as Lecturer in Department of Sociology, International Islamic University, Islamabad. Dr. Saeed has consecutive four degrees in Sociology. His main area of research is Sociology of Natural Resources and Environment. He has massive experience of research in livelihood dependency of rural communities on scattered natural flora, fauna, waterbodies, tourism, climate change consequences on agriculture, pollution, health, and environment, changing design of agriculture due to ecological modification, alternative energy resources, and policies effecting relationship between human and environment. He also having certification in Geographical Information System and Remote Sensing from GIS Lab of WWE-Pakistan. As, participatory GIS is one of the latest research domains for new researches in Sociological sphere. He also has vast experience of private sector, projects, consultancies, and report writings for transnational organizations. Being social scientist, he has various publications in forest, agriculture, and natural sciences Journals.

Selected Publications

1.Saeed Akbar, S. A. (2020). Impact of the Provincial Government policies on Agro-Fisheries based communities of Central Indus Wetlands Complex. Pakistan Journal of Agriculture Scienc-es, 57(5), 1251-1260. DOI: 10.21162/PAKJAS/20.124. (IF 0.748)

<https://pakjas.com.pk>

2.Saeed Akbar, M. Q. (2015, May 17). Impact of Natural Vegetation on Socio-economic wellbe-ing of Rural Communities of Northern Chakwal. Applied Sciences and Business Economics, 2(1), 13-19. <http://www.asbejournal.org/archives/volume-2-issue-1>

Saeed Akbar, S.-u.-R. A. (2020, August 31). A comparative Analysis of Socio-economic Status of Central Indus based Fishermen Communities and National Indicators of Pakistan. Asian Jour-nal of Peace and Security, 4(1), 30-42. <http://ajips.fairlips.org/index.php/ajips/article/view/2020-vol-04-a-comparative-analysis-of-socio-economic-status>

Akbar, S.-u.-R. A. (2013). Role of natural vegetation in livelihoods of rural communities: A case study from Margalla Hills, Pakistan. The Pakistan Journal of Forestry, 63(1), 29-35. https://ww-w.pfi.gov.pk/all_issues.php

Akbar, S.-u.-R. A. (2014). Influence of Forest on Livelihood Strategies of Rural Communities of Margalla Hills, Islamabad. Social Sciences Review, 2(1), 39-67. https://ww-w.iiu.edu.pk/?page_id=7188

He can be contacted through his following emails. saeed.akbar@iiu.edu.pk
saeed.soc@gmail.com